# **Weight Change**

# **Low Blood Sugar**

(Hypoglycemia)

# **Blood Sugar**

(A1c Reduction)

# **Considerations**

# **Metformin** None Insulin \_\_\_\_\_ 4 to 6 lb. gain **Pioglitazone** . . . . . . . . . . More than 2 to 6 lb. gain Liraglutide/Exenatide \_\_\_\_ 3 to 6 lb. loss **Sulfonylureas** Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide +++ 2 to 3 lb. gain **Gliptins**

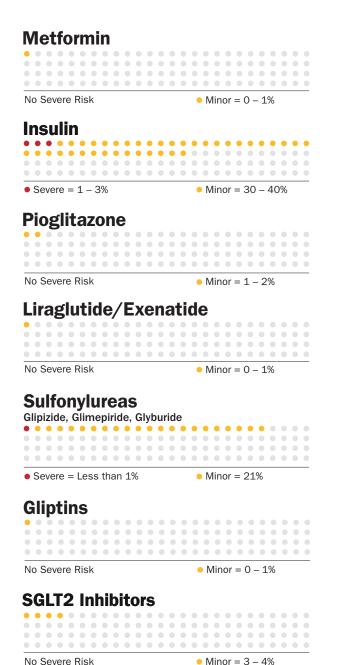
None

. . . . . . . . . . . .

**SGLT2** Inhibitors

\_\_\_\_

3 to 4 lb. loss



Metformin	1 - 2%
Insulin	Unlimited %
Pioglitazone	1%
Liraglutide/ Exenatide	0.5 - 1%
<b>Sulfonylureas</b> Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide	1 - 2%
Gliptins	0.5 - 1%
SGLT2 Inhibitors	0.5 - 1%

#### Metformin

In the first few weeks after starting Metformin, patients may have some nausea, indigestion or diarrhea.

#### Insulin

There are no other side effects associated with Insulin.

## **Pioglitazone**

Over time, 10 in 100 people may have **fluid retention** (edema) while taking the drug. For some it may be as little as ankle swelling. For others, **fluid may build up** in the lungs making it difficult to breathe. This may resolve after you stop taking the drug. 10 in 100 people at risk of bone fractures who use this drug will have a bone fracture in the next 10 years. There appears to be a slight increase in the risk of bladder cancer with this drug.

## **Liraglutide/Exenatide**

Some patients may have **nausea** or **diarrhea**. In some cases, the nausea may be severe enough that a patient has to stop taking the drug. There are reports of pain in the abdomen that may be caused by inflammation of the pancreas with these agents.

### **Sulfonylureas**

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide

Some patients get **nausea**, **rash** and/or **diarrhea** when they first start taking Sulfonylureas. This type of reaction may force them to stop taking the drug.

#### **Gliptins**

A few patients may get **nose and sinus congestion**, **headaches**, and perhaps be at risk of problems with their pancreas.

#### **SGLT2 Inhibitors**

**Urinary tract infections and yeast infections** are more common among patients taking this medication.

# **Daily Routine**

# Daily Sugar Testing (Monitoring)

# Cost

### Metformin









#### Insulin









# **Pioglitazone**



# Liraglutide / Exenatide



OR







Take in the hour before meals.

## **Sulfonylureas**

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide



OR





# **Gliptins**



## **SGLT2** Inhibitors



#### **Metformin**

S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S

No monitoring necessary.

#### Insulin

S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S
••	••	••	••	••	••	•

Monitor once or twice daily, less often once stable.

# **Pioglitazone**

S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S

No monitoring necessary

# **Liraglutide/Exenatide**



Monitor twice daily after meals when used with Sulfonylureas. Otherwise not needed.

# **Sulfonylureas**

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide

S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S	
	•		•		•		

Monitor 2 - 5 times weekly, less often once stable.

# **Gliptins**

S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S

No monitoring necessary.

#### **SGLT2** Inhibitors

S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S

No monitoring necessary.

These figures are estimates and are for comparative reference only. Actual out-of-pocket costs vary over time, by pharmacy, insurance plan coverage, preparation and dosage. Under some plans name brands may be comparable in cost to generics.

## Metformin (Generic available)

\$0.10 per day

**\$9 / 3 months** 

## **Insulin** (No generic available – price varies by dose)

Lantus:	Vial, per 100 units:	\$26
	Pen, per 100 units:	\$26
NPH:	Vial, per 100 units:	
	Pen, per 100 units:	\$28
Short acting	Vial, per 100 units:	\$25
analog insulin:	Pen. per 100 units:	\$30

## Pioglitazone (Generic available)

**\$0.50** per day

\$42 / 3 months

# **Liraglutide/Exenatide** (No generic available)

\$20.00 per day

\$1,800 / 3 months

## **Sulfonylureas**

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide (Generic available)

\$0.10 per day

**\$12** / 3 months

# **Gliptins** (No generic available)

**\$12.00** per day

\$1,100 / 3 months

# SGLT2 Inhibitors (No generic available)

**\$12.00** per day

\$1,100 / 3 months

http://shareddecisions.mayoclinic.org

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# **Diabetes Medication Choice**

A guide to choosing the proper medication for you.

Insulin
Pioglitazone
Liraglutide/Exenatide
Sulfonylureas
Gliptins
SGLT2 Inhibitors

This information reflects the best available research studies. It was prepared by Mayo Clinic researchers without funding from makers of diabetes medication.